

GEOGRAPHY JUNCTION

From coast-to-coast, there are over 200 National Park Service sites accessible by Amtrak. The train can take you to iconic natural treasures such as the California coast, historic landmarks like the Statue of Liberty and cultural attractions such as Gateway Arch National Park.



Navigate through all of the places Amtrak can take you by matching the photo to its description. As the train makes stops, read and learn all about the national parks and landmarks.

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KEY

- Grand Canyon
- Glacier
- Yosemite
- Klondike Gold Rush
- President's Park
- New York Harbor
- The Alamo Mission
- Gateway Arch
- Jean Lafitte
- Harpers Ferry





Grand Canyon National Park

Amtrak Southwest Chief

The Grand Canyon is located in Arizona and is considered one of the seven natural wonders of the world. With 277 miles of the Colorado River running through it, the canyon is over one mile deep and ten miles across in some places. Native Americans have been living in and around the canyon for thousands of years and today it is home to the Supai Indian Village and the capital of the Havasupai Indian Reservation, which with a population of 208, is the most remote community in the continental United States where mail is still carried by mule.



Glacier National Park

Amtrak Empire Builder

Glacier National Park is in Montana's Rocky Mountains and boasts some of the most spectacular scenery with more than a million acres of forests, alpine meadows, lakes rugged peaks and glacial-carved valleys. Inside the park, there are 25 active glaciers, 700 lakes and 700 miles of hiking trails. Visitors can enjoy backpacking, fishing, biking, rafting, cross-country skiing and or take a bus tour. The park is part of the world's first International peace park to celebrate peace and friendship between Canada and the United States.



Yosemite National Park

Amtrak San Joaquins

Of the nine national parks in California, Yosemite National Park is the most popular. Three of the highest waterfalls in the world can be found in the park along with 2,000-year-old Sequoia trees, daunting cliffs and some of the most unique rock formations in the United States. There are hiking trails through the natural monuments like Half Dome or El Capitan, the largest exposed granite monolith in the world. Guided tours and climbing lessons are a fun way to experience its national wonders and if you want to see lots of mammals, amphibians, reptiles and birds of all kinds, Yosemite supports more than 400 species.



Klondike Gold Rush National Historical Park

Coast Starlight, Amtrak Cascades, Empire Builder

Pioneer Square National Historic District in Seattle is home to one of the four units that make up the Klondike Gold Rush National Historical Park commemorating the Klondike Gold Rush. From 1897-1898, Seattle was a major stop for outfitting the gold rush stampede to the Yukon Territory in Alaska. At this park, visitors can learn about the history of times and get to know Seattle's first established neighborhood by walking its underground pathways as they existed in the 1890s. Visitors can also discover a century of history in just three nearby city blocks.



President's Park - Washington, D.C.

Acela, Cardinal, Capitol Limited, Carolinian, Crescent, Northeast Regional, Silver Service, Vermonter and more*

In Washington, D.C., the White House is part of President's Park, the historic home that every president has lived in except George Washington. President's Park includes the Eisenhower Executive Office Building, the Treasury Building, the White House Visitor Center, Lafayette Square and the Ellipse. Make it a stop while visiting the other attractions in the nation's capital: National Mall and its museums, Jefferson Memorial, Lincoln Memorial, Vietnam Veterans Memorial, Washington Monument, Martin Luther King, Jr. Memorial, National World War II Memorial, Korean War Veterans Memorial.





National Parks of New York Harbor

Acela, Adirondack, Cardinal, Carolinian, Crescent, Empire Service, Ethan Allen Express, Keystone Service, Lake Shore Limited, Northeast Regional and more*

Just a short ferry ride from New York City, the Statue of Liberty National Monument on Liberty Island is one of 20 unique sites that make up the national parks in New York Harbor. Measuring 305 feet 1 inch tall from the ground to the tip of the flame, Lady Liberty arrived in New York in 1886 as a gift from the people of France and has become one of America's most well-known and iconic symbols. When she first arrived, she was the color of a penny and 20 years later turned to the greenish-blue hue she is today. Lady Liberty holds a torch and tablet upon which is inscribed the date of American Declaration of Independence (July 4, 1776). Visitors can climb 354 stairs to reach the statue's crown and enjoy spectacular views.



The Alamo Mission in San Antonio

Sunset Limited & Texas Eagle

The most visited historic landmark in Texas, the Alamo Mission in San Antonio is a notable Spanish mission and fortress. Founded in the 18th century, its site is the location of an important battle for Texans such as Davy Crockett and James Bowie, who fought for independence from Mexico. Today, visitors come to "Remember the Alamo" and to honor all whose death gave birth to a Republic.



Gateway Arch National Park

Lincoln Service, Missouri River Runner & Texas Eagle

This national park, also known as the gateway to the west, is the tallest man-made monument in the Western Hemisphere. Overlooking the Mississippi River, the monument commemorates the westward expansion of the United States and the pioneers that made it possible. The two legs of the arch are 630 feet apart, the same as its height. To reach the top, visitors can take a tram ride, the only one of its kind.



Jean Lafitte National Historical Park and Preserve

City of New Orleans Crescent & Sunset Limited

Established in 1907, this national historical park protects the natural and cultural resources of Louisiana's Mississippi River Delta region. Named after the pirate Jean Lafitte, it consists of six separate sites where visitors can explore museums, preserves and a battlefield to learn about the rich history and traditions of the region.



Harpers Ferry National Historical Park

Capitol Limited

Located where the Potomac and Shenandoah rivers meet, Harpers Ferry National Historical Park includes land in Maryland, West Virginia and Virginia. Several historical events occurred on the land which is now the park including John Brown's 1858 abolitionist raid and the Niagara Movement meeting place and gathering in 1906 by civil rights movement leaders. Today, the park includes a preserved town with homes, businesses, museums as well as outdoor activities such as white-water rafting, boating, fishing, canoeing, hiking and scenic overlooks.

